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APPLICATION NO. FILING DATE INVENTOR ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. CONFIRMATION NO. 10/534,607 05/11/2005 Takesi Nakamura 05312/HG 6847 EXAMINER 1933 12/13/2005 7590 FRISHAUF, HOLTZ, GOODMAN & CHICK, PC LETSCHER, GERALDINE 767 THIRD AVENUE ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER 25TH FLOOR NEW YORK, NY 10017-2023 1752 DATE MAILED: 12/13/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Applicatio	n No.	Applicant(s)			
		10/534,60	7	NAKAMURA, TAR	KESI		
	Office Action Summary	Examiner		Art Unit			
		Geraldine \		1752			
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communica r Reply	tion appears on the	cover sheet with the	correspondence ad	idress		
WHIC - Externafter: - If NO - Failui Any r	A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).						
Status							
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed	on <u>11 May 2005</u> .					
•	•)⊠ This action is n	on-final.		•		
3)	Since this application is in condition for	r allowance except	for formal matters, p	rosecution as to th	e merits is		
	closed in accordance with the practice	under Ex parte Qu	ayle, 1935 C.D. 11,	453 O.G. 213.			
Dispositi	on of Claims						
5)□ 6)⊠ 7)□	 4) ☐ Claim(s) 1-14 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration. 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 1-14 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement. 						
Applicat	ion Papers						
 9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner. 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner. Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152. 							
Priority (under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 							
2) Notic 3) Infor	nt(s) ce of References Cited (PTO-892) ce of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PT mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or P er No(s)/Mail Date 5-11-05.		4) Interview Summ. Paper No(s)/Mai 5) Notice of Informa 6) Other:	Date	TO-152)		

PTOL-326 (Rev. 7-05)

Office Action Summary

GERALDINE LETS THER of Paper No./Mail Date 1
PRIMARY EXAMINER
GROUP 1100

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102 and 103

1. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 3. Claims 1, 6, 8 and 13 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as anticipated by or, in the alternative, under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as obvious over Yoshida et al. (U.S. Patent No. 6,569,610).

Yoshida et al. discloses a silver halide photographic material comprising a polyethylene laminated paper support (column 33, line 40) having thereon one or more light-sensitive silver halide emulsion layers, characterized in that a light-insensitive hydrophilic colloid layer is between the light-sensitive layer closest to the support and said support, wherein said light-insensitive hydrophilic colloid layer contains a titanium oxide (column 33, line 42), and further characterized in that the light-sensitive layer closest to the support is a blue-sensitive layer containing silver halide grains having an average grain size (column 33, line 52) inclusive of the instant claims.

Although Yoshida et al. does not specify the image clarity (C-value) of the processed photographic material, as determined using an optical wedge, utilizing a

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particular L-size of said material, since a composition of matter is claims, i.e., a silver halide photographic material, and Yoshida et al. discloses said silver halide photographic material, it is asserted that the silver halide photographic material inherently possess the recited image clarity (C-value) of the processed photographic material, as determined using an optical wedge, utilizing a particular L-size of said material, and that the claimed photographic material lacks novelty, absent object evidence to the contrary. Assuming arguendo that Yoshida et al. does not inherently possess the recited image clarity (C-value) of the processed photographic material, as determined using an optical wedge, utilizing a particular L-size of said material, then Yoshida et al. is also relied upon under 35 USC 103, because it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the requisite art at the time the invention was made to vary the L-size of the prior art photographic material and process said material, with reasonable expectations of achieving, absent object evidence to the contrary, the advantages generally taught therein.

4. Claims 1, 4-6, 8 and 11-13 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as anticipated by or, in the alternative, under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as obvious over Ueda et al. (U.S. Patent No.).

Ueda et al. discloses a silver halide photographic material comprising a polyethylene laminated paper support (column 12, line 22) having thereon one or more light-sensitive silver halide emulsion layers, characterized in that a light-insensitive hydrophilic colloid layer is between the light-sensitive layer closest to the support and

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said support, wherein said light-insensitive hydrophilic colloid layer contains a latex, a lipophilic compound and or a titanium oxide (column 12, line 30+), and further characterized in that the light-sensitive layer closest to the support is a blue-sensitive layer (column 13, line 45) containing silver halide grains having an average grains size inclusive of the instant claims.

Although Ueda et al. does not specify the image clarity (C-value) of the processed photographic material, as determined using an optical wedge, utilizing a particular L-size of said material, since a composition of matter is claims, i.e., a silver halide photographic material, and Ueda et al. discloses said silver halide photographic material, it is asserted that the silver halide photographic material inherently possess the recited image clarity (C-value) of the processed photographic material, as determined using an optical wedge, utilizing a particular L-size of said material, and that the claimed photographic material lacks novelty, absent object evidence to the contrary. Assuming arguendo that Ueda et al. does not inherently possess the recited image clarity (C-value) of the processed photographic material, as determined using an optical wedge, utilizing a particular L-size of said material, then Ueda et al. is also relied upon under 35 USC 103, because it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the requisite art at the time the invention was made to vary the L-size of the prior art photographic material and process said material, with reasonable expectations of achieving, absent object evidence to the contrary, the advantages generally taught therein.

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5. Claims 1, 3, 6, 8, 10 and 13 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as anticipated by or, in the alternative, under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as obvious over Deguchi et al. (U.S. Patent No. 5,415,982).

Example 1 of Deguchi et al. discloses a silver halide photographic material comprising a polyethylene laminated paper support (column 53, line 65) having thereon one or more light-sensitive silver halide emulsion layers, characterized in that a light-insensitive hydrophilic colloid layer is between the light-sensitive layer closest to the support and said support, wherein said light-insensitive hydrophilic colloid layer contains a thiosulfinic acid compound and/or a titanium oxide, and further characterized in that the light-sensitive layer closest to the support is a blue-sensitive layer containing silver halide grains having an average grains size inclusive of the instant claims.

Although Deguchi et al. does not specify the image clarity (C-value) of the processed photographic material, as determined using an optical wedge, utilizing a particular L-size of said material, since a composition of matter is claims, i.e., a silver halide photographic material, and Deguchi et al. discloses said silver halide photographic material, it is asserted that the silver halide photographic material inherently possess the recited image clarity (C-value) of the processed photographic material, as determined using an optical wedge, utilizing a particular L-size of said material, and that the claimed photographic material lacks novelty, absent object evidence to the contrary. Assuming arguendo that Deguchi et al. does not inherently possess the recited image clarity (C-value) of the processed photographic material, as determined using an optical wedge, utilizing a particular L-size of said material, then

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Deguchi et al. is also relied upon under 35 USC 103, because it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the requisite art at the time the invention was made to vary the L-size of the prior art photographic material and process said material, with reasonable expectations of achieving, absent object evidence to the contrary, the advantages generally taught therein.

6. Claims 1 and 5- 7 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as anticipated by or, in the alternative, under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as obvious over either Nakamura (U.S. Patent No. 5,578,426) or Fukuzawa et al. (U.S. Patent No. 5,328,818).

The examples of each of Nakamura and Fukuzawa et al. discloses a silver halide photographic material comprising a polyethylene laminated paper support having thereon one or more light-sensitive silver halide emulsion layers, characterized in that a light-insensitive hydrophilic colloid layer is between the light-sensitive layer closest to the support and said support, wherein said light-insensitive hydrophilic colloid layer contains a lipophilic compound, a titanium oxide and/or a colloidal silver.

Although Nakamura and Fukuzawa et al. do not specify the image clarity (C-value) of the processed photographic material, as determined using an optical wedge, utilizing a particular L-size of said material, since a composition of matter is claims, i.e., a silver halide photographic material, and each of Nakamura and Fukuzawa et al. discloses said silver halide photographic material, it is asserted that the silver halide photographic material inherently possess the recited image clarity (C-value) of the processed photographic material, as determined using an optical wedge, utilizing a

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particular L-size of said material, and that the claimed photographic material lacks novelty, absent object evidence to the contrary. Assuming arguendo that each of Nakamura and Fukuzawa et al. does not inherently possess the recited image clarity (C-value) of the processed photographic material, as determined using an optical wedge, utilizing a particular L-size of said material, then each of Nakamura and Fukuzawa et al. is also relied upon under 35 USC 103, because it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the requisite art at the time the invention was made to vary the L-size of the prior art photographic material and process said material, with reasonable expectations of achieving, absent object evidence to the contrary, the advantages generally taught therein.

7. Claims 1,2 5 and 6 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Zorn et al. (U.S. Patent No. 3,945,829) in view of Nakamura (U.S. Patent No. 5,578,426).

The examples in Zorn et al. (columns 7-8) discloses a silver halide photographic material comprising a support having thereon one or more light-sensitive silver halide emulsion layers, characterized in that a light-insensitive hydrophilic colloid layer is between the light-sensitive layer closest to the support and said support, wherein said light-insensitive hydrophilic colloid layer contains a mercapto-heterocyclic compound, a lipophilic compound and/or a titanium oxide. However, Zorn et al. does not exemplify the use of a polyethylene laminated paper support.

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Nakamura is relied upon for its teaching of a silver halide photographic material comprising a polyethylene laminated paper support having thereon one or more light-sensitive silver halide emulsion layers, characterized in that a light-insensitive hydrophilic colloid layer is between the light-sensitive layer closest to the support and said support, wherein said light-insensitive hydrophilic colloid layer contains a lipophilic compound, a titanium oxide and/or a colloidal silver.

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the requisite art at the time the invention was made incorporate a polyethylene laminated paper support as taguth in Nakamura into the photographic material of Zorn et al., and to subsequently vary the L-size of the prior art photographic material prepared with the combined teachings of Zorn et al. and Nakamura and process said material, with reasonable expectations of achieving, absent object evidence to the contrary, the advantages generally taught therein.

8. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Geraldine V. Letscher whose telephone number is (571) 272-1334. The examiner can normally be reached 8:00am to 4:30pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Cynthia Kelly can be reached on (571) 272-1526. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

GERALDINE LETSCHER
PRIMARY EXAMINER
GROUP 1100

Year W/s

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STATEMENT BY APPLICANT				F	First Named Inventor		Tal	Takesi NAKAMURA			
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					U. S.	PATE	ENT DOCUMENTS				
Exam. Inits*	Cite No ¹	Docume	Document Number			Kind Code²	Name of Patentee or Applicant		Publication Date MM-DD-YYYY	Relevant Portion	-
BA		5,382	5,382,506				KONICA CORP.		01-17-1995		
11		5,57	5,578,426				FUJI PHOTO FILM CO 11-2		11-26-1996		
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	ļ	JP .	7-2485	79		A	KONICA CORP.		09-26-1995		
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	/	JP	60-238	349		Α .	FUJI PHOTO FILM	СО	02-06-1985		
V		JР	8-3049	60		A	MITSUBISHI PAPE	R	11-22-1996		
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Considered

DATE MAILED: May 11, 2005

Signature

Please type a plus sign (+) inside this box → Patent and Tradem U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COM S. National Phase Appln. Application Number based on PCT/JP2002/012114) Substitute for Form 1449A/PTO Filing Date Concomitantly herewith 7/10 INFORMATION DISCLOSURE STATEMENT BY APPLICANT First Named Inventor Takesi NAKAMURA Group Art Unit Examiner Name 275 CHER Attorney Docket Number of Sheet 2 2 U.S. PATENT DOCUMENTS Kind Name of Patentee or Relevant Publication Cite No' Exam. Inite* Applicant Date MM-DD-YYYY Portion Document Number Code² FOREIGN PATENT DOCUMENTS Relevant Publication Kind Name of Patentee or Cite No¹ T⁶ Portion Document Number Code⁵ Applicant Date MM-DD-YYYY Offc MITSUBISHI PAPER 09-19-1995 7-244356 Α JP. 7-230141 A MITSUBISHI PAPER 08-29-1995 JP. OJI PAPER CO., LTD 03-19-1993 JP 5-66519 A NEW OJI PAPER CO 09-26-1995 7-248576 A JΡ OJI PAPER CO., LTD 03-12-1993 Α JP 5-61154 Α KONICA CORP. 05-15-1998 JP 10-123683 12-08-2000 JΡ 2000-338630 KONICA CORP. 02-08-2000 MITSUBISHI PAPER Α JP 2000-39686 Date Examiner Considered Signature

DATE MAILED: May 11, 2005

[•] EXAMINER: Initial if reference considered, whether or not citation is in conformance with MPEP 609. Draw line through citation if not in conformance and not considered. Include copy of this form with next communication to applicant.

Unique citation designation number. See kinds of U.S. Patent Documents. Set Buter Office that issued the document, by the two-letter code (WIPO Standard ST.3). 'Por Japanese patent Education of the year of the reign of the Emperor must precede the serial number of the patent document.' Kind of document by the appropriate symbols as indicated on the document under WIPO Standard ST. 16 if possible. 'Place a check here if English translation is attached.

Notice of References Cited

Application/Control No.

10/534,607

Examiner

Geraldine V. Letscher

Applicant(s)/Patent Under
Reexamination
NAKAMURA, TAKESI

Page 1 of 1

U.S. PATENT DOCUMENTS

*		Document Number Country Code-Number-Kind Code	Date MM-YYYY	Name	Classification
*	Α	US-6,569,610	05-2003	Yoshida, Kazuaki	430/434
*	В	US-5,453,351	09-1995	Ueda et al.	430/532
*	С	US-5,415,982	05-1995	Deguchi, Yasuaki	430/385
*	D	US-5,328,818	07-1994	Fukuzawa et al.	430/505
*	E	US-3,945,829	03-1976	Zorn et al.	430/507
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FOREIGN PATENT DOCUMENTS

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NON-PATENT DOCUMENTS

*		Include as applicable: Author, Title Date, Publisher, Edition or Volume, Pertinent Pages)					
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*A copy of this reference is not being furnished with this Office action. (See MPEP § 707.05(a).)

Dates in MM-YYYY format are publication dates. Classifications may be US or foreign.

U.S. Patent and Trademark Office PTO-892 (Rev. 01-2001)

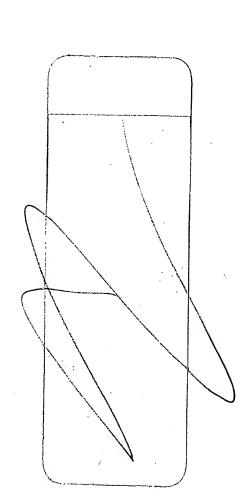
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